**Dealing with figures.**

1. **Large numbers and abbreviations.**

Pronounce and write the following figures.

**Reminder**: If you pronounce the decimal point, say one digit individually after.

Ex 6.15m six point one five million.

999:

5,678:

67,435:

123,456:

123k (for a yearly salary):

765m:

85bn (French deficit):

6.25bn

*(Note: We use a comma to separate thousands, millions etc.)*

1. **Currencies.**

**Reminder**: Pronounce the currency at the end or instead of the decimal point. Do not say each digit individually after the currency.

$71:

€4.99:

£37bn:

US$99.80:

£531,741:

**¥**999m:

**III. Dates.**

* **Reminder:** In English, we can say dates either with the day before the month, or the month before the day: *The first of January / January the first.*
* Use ordinal numbers for dates in English. (the first, the second, the third, the fourth, the fifth, the twenty-second, the thirty-first etc.)
* **Years:** For years up until 2000, separate the four numbers into two pairs

Votre rendez-vous est le 15 mai 2018:

Le spa est fermé du 15 au 30 décembre pour maintenance (due to maintenance work):

Le spa est fermé le lundi:

Le spa est ouvert le samedi matin de 9h à 12h:

1. **Numbers with units of measurement.**

1**½**m:

6lbs 4 oz:

2.8 kg:

5ft 7ins:

1.72m:

100 yds:

20 sq.ft.:

**Imperial and metric!** How many centimetres is a foot? An inch? A yard?

How many square metres is a square foot?

1. **Percentages**

**Reminder**: Pronounce “Percent”at the end. After the decimal point pronounce each digit individually. Ex. 2.54 two point five four percent.

1.5%:

75%:

34.51%:

3.06%:

1. **Fractions.**

**Reminder** Read the top number as a cardinal number, followed by the ordinal number + ‘s’ if it’s plural. Ex. 3/8=>three eighths

NOTE: ¼ =>one quarter, 2/3 => two thirds, ½ one half

1/3:

1/5:

2/5

1/6:

2/9:

1. **Numbers with a decimal point without unit.**

**Reminder:** Pronounce the decimal point, and each digit individually after!

*3.4:*

23.56:

456.453:

75.504:

0.5:

0.05